

AEP's grid SMART Initiative

Southern Governors' Association

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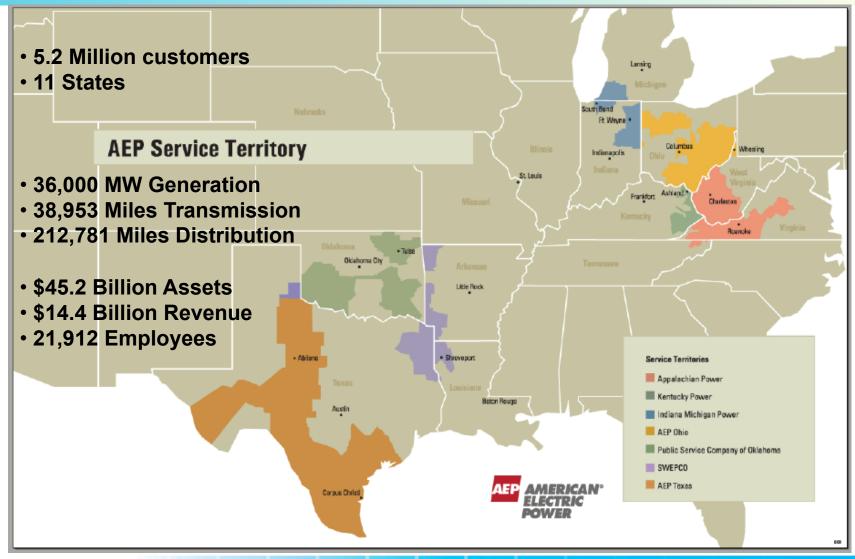
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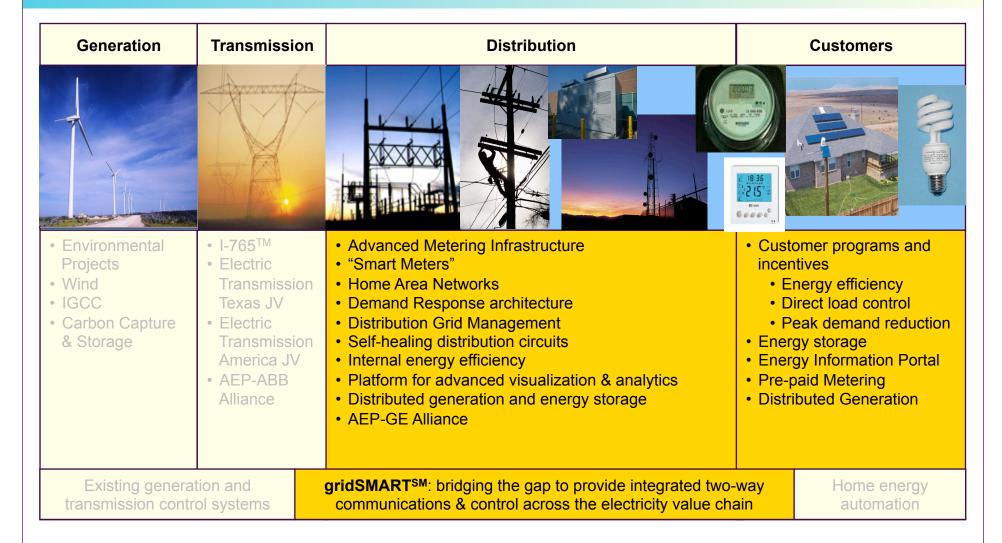


AEP Overview





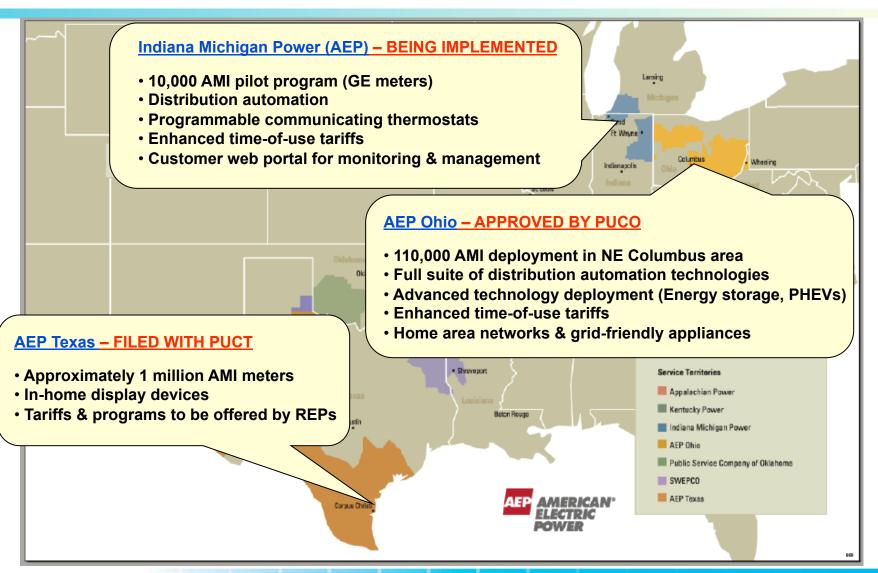
AEP gridSMART Vision







AEP gridSMART Deployment Status





AEP's gridSMART Advanced Technologies

Distributed Renewable Generation

- 70 KW photovoltaic panels installed on roofs of AEP Service Centers in Newark, OH and Athens, OH [70 KW X 2 = 140KW]
- R&D project comparing traditional PV to concentrated PV at AEP's Dolan Engineering lab (Groveport, OH)



PHEVs

- 2 Prius converted to PHEV
- Ford Escape SUV converted to PHEV (EPRI collaborative)
- Field testing to monitor performance





AEP's gridSMART Advanced Technologies

Substation Scale Battery

- 2006: 1 MW, 7.2 MWh; Deferred substation upgrade in Charleston, WV
- 2008: Three installations; 2 MW, 14.4 MWh each; With "islanding" in Bluffton,OH; Balls Gap,WV; East Busco,IN
- 2010: 4MW, 25MWh; To be installed in Presidio, TX



Community Energy Storage

- Small distributed energy storage units connected to the secondary of transformers serving a few houses or commercial loads.
- Pursuing development & deployment:
 - Part of ARRA/Stimulus demonstration grant
 - Proposed to Public Service Commission





Smart Grid: The Benefits

Operational Improvements

- Reduced costs
- Reliability improvements
- Targeted investment
- Improved safety

Energy Market Impacts

- Smart grids enable demand response providing demand elasticity
- Demand elasticity lowers market clearing price
- Impacts are large due to steep supply cost curve at times of critical pricing
- Traditionally, demand is relatively static

Environmental Impacts

- A smart grid can <u>deliver</u> carbon savings
 - End-use conservation/efficiency; Minimize losses & resistive loads by optimizing distribution voltage; etc.
- A smart grid can <u>enable</u> more, lower cost carbon savings
 - PHEVs; Support distributed renewable generation; Support intermittent renewables by regulating voltage fluctuations; Efficiently measuring & verifying EE effects; etc.



Smart Grid: The Challenges

Regulatory Scrutiny

- Tolerance for level of rate increases (fuel increases, environmental compliance, etc.)
- Difficult economic environment
- Dependence societal benefits & externalities

Codes & Standards

- Developing technology area
- Lack of clarity regarding standards bodies & regulatory organization roles
- Geographically-distributed nature of investment

Current Credit Conundrum

- Utility sector extremely capital intensive
- Recent reductions in credit ratings
- Current availability & cost of capital





Smart Grid: The Solutions

Regulatory Scrutiny

- Continue decline in the cost of deployment
- Collaborative arrangements
- Phased-deployment approach
- Demonstration that initiatives can also include ancillary benefits (environmental, capacity needs, etc.)

Codes & Standards

- Engagement with various constituents to coordinate efforts (NIST, FERC, EPRI, etc.)
- Avoid proprietary architecture technologies
- Consider future potential applications

Current Credit Conundrum

- Need to retain economic health of utilities
- Need timely return on O&M spent and capital investments
- Creative alternative cost recovery models



